APA 7th: New Edition!
Quick Guide
A collaboration of the Metropolitan State University
Library and CAE Writing Center

Resources
Online: APA Style Website (https://apastyle.apa.org/)
APA Style Blog (https://apastyle.apa.org/blog/)

In-text Citation

Quotes and Paraphrases from Retrievable Sources
- Use the author's last name followed by the year of publication.
- For two authors, use both names every time you cite.
- For three or more, use the first author's last name and et al. after that.
- For text sources use a page number or describe the location, for video or audio sources use a timestamp to locate the quote.
- For parenthetical citations with more than one source listed, use semicolons between each source: (Casas, 2018; Hinle et al., 2015; Aziz, 2018)

For a quote provide a page number or describe the location.

Chau (2017) said, “APA style is great” (p. 123).
The article said “APA style is great” (Akinbola, 2016, pp. 123-124).
Keltan et. al (2009) said, “APA style is great” (Style section 1, para. 2).
The video said, “APA style is great” (Nurses Association [NA], 2019, 2:12).

If a direct quote is more than 40 words, it is called a block quote:
Place it on a new line, do not use quotation marks, and indent it. The parenthetical citation comes after the period of a block quote, like this. (APA, 2020, pp. 272-273)

A paraphrase does not need a page or location, you may want to provide one if it will be useful to the reader or the paraphrase is long.

Chau and Morales (2017) praised APA style.
The scholarly article praises APA style (Chau & Morales, 2017).

For indirect citation: something cited in your source you want to refer to directly in your essay, use “as cited in” and only create a reference entry for the source you read.

Abe Lincoln (as cited in Statton & Gomez, 2013) may or may not have said, “Whatever you are, be a good one” (p. 145).

Interviews, Lectures, and Meetings
For interviews, un-recorded class lectures, talks, or anything which cannot be retrieved by a reader: in your text, make the context clear, provide the initials, last name, and a full date.

The teacher said use APA in class (B. Chau, personal communication, May 4, 2020).
E. M. Parad said APA 7th edition is great (personal communication, May 8, 2019).

To mention a website in general: if you want to only refer to a site and not specific information on it, do not create a reference entry. Use the name of the site in a sentence and include the URL in parentheses.

Writing websites like Purdue OWL (https://owl.purdue.edu) are useful for drafting.
References

Format for the References Page
Use a separate page at the end of the paper titled References, centered in normal text on the first line. List sources alphabetically by author’s last name. Double space the page. If an entry takes more than one line, the second line is indented one half inch.

Basic Format for an Entry
Author (Year of Publication). Title [Type of source, if needed]. Source of the work. http://www.someaddressorother

- A web address (URL) or document object identifier (DOI) comes after the period if it is an electronic source. APA strongly prefers using the DOI.
- List the first 20 authors for multi-authored works, place & in front of the last author’s name. For more than 21 authors, include the first 19 authors’ names, insert an ellipsis, like this . . . & the final author’s name.
- If there is no date use (n.d.).
- If needed, use short descriptions in square brackets after the title and before the period to identify the type of source. Capitalize the first word of the description, like this: Title of work [Audio recording]. Brackets can also be used to supply missing or useful information identifying a source for the reader.
- If a work with no date is designed to change over time without available archived copies, such as an organization’s homepage, then provide a retrieval date.

Sample Entries

book or ebook

edited book chapter

journal article


government report
company report or SWOT analysis

film, video & podcast episode


course materials
Mack, R.T. (2020). *Citation for presentations* [Course notes on APA style]. Metropolitan State University D2L Brightspace. https://d2l.fakecourse

dictionary & encyclopedia


web page, blog post and comment, online news source & social media
Use the first 20 elements (words [link], [image], [gif] etc.) as the title for comments and untitled social media.


YZ in MN (2019 May 5). Thanks for all the great advice about citations, it truly helps me make my writing clear [Comment on the post “Talking citation style”]. *APA Style Blog*. https://apastyle.apa.org/


APA Style [@Fakename]. (2019, May 2). *Fake twitter post on help for students and researchers with their writing process 😊. More details @APA Style table* [Tweet]. Twitter.
APA 7th Edition Student Paper Format

For sample papers and detailed guidance, see the Publication Manual or go to the APA Style website (https://apastyle.apa.org/). Spacing: Double space throughout. Font choices: Use only one font. Choose from: 11-point Calibri, 11-point Arial, or 12-point Times New Roman among others. Order of sections: Title page, Abstract (if required), Body of paper, References, Endnotes, Tables, Figures, Appendices. Page numbers: Start at 1 with the title page, choose the top right position. Student papers do not use a running header. Title page: separate page, place the title about 3 or 4 lines from the top, centered, double-spaced:

APA Style 7th Edition Uses a Centered, Bold Title

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Metropolitan State University
WRIT 111: APA Style for All
Dr. Ben Chau
October 1, 2020

Tables & Figures: any kind of visual display that is not a table is considered a figure.

Table 1
Formatting for APA Title and Headings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Level</th>
<th>Formatting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 1</td>
<td>Centered, Bold Level One Heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 2</td>
<td>Flush Left, Bold Level Two Heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 3</td>
<td>Flush Left, Bold, Italic Level Three Heading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
<td>Indented, Bold Level Four Heading. Begin paragraph text on the same line.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Level 5</td>
<td>Indented, Bold, Italic Level Five Heading. Begin paragraph text on same line.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note. Use the note to describe content as needed. Any sources for tables or figures should both be credited in the note and have an entry in the references list. Adapted from “Format for the Five Levels of Heading in APA Style” by APA, The Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association 7th edition, p. 48. Copyright 2020 by the American Psychological Association.

Figure 1
Writing Style for Student Papers

Note. The core elements of style for APA aim at interesting writing which conveys information in an effective, unbiased manner. Continuity refers to consistency in the logic of a paper. Use transitions between points to create a smooth flow of ideas. Be clear, concise and direct to help a reader follow the discussion. Finally, academic tone reflects focus on the research and respect for other scholars.